

Advancing the Science: The Latest in Alzheimer's and Dementia Research

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> ALZHEIMER'S® ASSOCIATION



I have no relevant financial or non-financial relationships to disclose.



The Alzheimer's Association leads the way to end Alzheimer's and all other dementia — by accelerating global research, driving risk reduction and early detection, and maximizing quality care and support.



Our dual mission symbol represents the abstract forms of a human head and a beaker, emphasizing the people and the science behind our cause.







About Alzheimer's & Dementia



2024 ALZHEIMER'S DISEASE FACTS AND FIGURES

NEARLY 7 MILLION AMERICANS ARE LIVING WITH ALZHEIMER'S

THE LIFETIME RISK FOR ALZHEIMER'S AT AGE 45 IS



Older Black Americans are 2X AS LIKELY

to have Alzheimer's or other dementia than Whites.

BETWEEN 2000 AND 2021, DEATHS FROM HEART DISEASE HAVE DECREASED 2.1% WHILE DEATHS FROM ALZHEIMER'S DISEASE HAVE

INCREASED 141%

1 IN 3 SENIORS DIES WITH ALZHEIMER'S OR ANOTHER DEMENTIA

IT KILLS MORE THAN BREAST CANCER AND PROSTATE CANCER COMBINED



Older Hispanic Americans are 1.5X AS LIKELY to have Alzheimer's or other

dementia than Whites.

lowa

- Disease Prevalence: 62,100 lowa residents
- Family Impact: 98,000 Caregivers
 - 60.5% have chronic conditions
 - 27.4% have depression
 - 13.8% poor physician health

A 446.2% increase in geriatric workforce is needed to meet the projected 2050 demand





What is Dementia?

- Dementia is a collection of symptoms related to cognitive decline
- This can include
 - Cognitive symptoms
 - Behavioral symptoms
 - Psychological symptoms
- Alzheimer's is the most common cause of dementia
- Not everyone with cognitive decline has dementia. Some causes of cognitive decline are reversible.

Dementia is an umbrella term for loss of memory and other thinking abilities severe enough to interfere with daily life.

- Alzheimer's
- Vascular

TYPES OF

DEMENTIA

- Lewy body
- Frontotemporal
- **Other,** including Huntington's
- * Mixed dementia: Dementia from more than one cause



The Hallmarks of Alzheimer's



Made up of beta amyloid



Made up of tau





Healthy brain Advanced Alzheimer's



Alzheimer's Disease is a Continuum











Benefits of an Early and Accurate Diagnosis



Medical Benefits

- Access to current treatments
- An opportunity to participate in clinical trials
- A chance to prioritize health, including making lifestyle changes



Emotional and Social Benefits

- More time to plan for the future, access resources
- Time to plan end-of-life decisions



- Financial Benefits
- Cost savings for families
- Cost savings for the U.S. government



How is Alzheimer's Currently Diagnosed?

There is no single test that can determine if a person is living with Alzheimer's disease or another dementia.

Doctors use a combination of diagnostic tools combined with medical history to make an accurate diagnosis.



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Biomarkers

A New Frontier in Alzheimer's Detection, Diagnosis and Research

Cerebrospinal fluid (CSF) analysis can use to detect amyloid in the CSF (taken by a lumbar puncture), which can be predictive of changes in the brain.

There are several emerging **blood tests** on the market that can indicate presence of Alzheimer's markers years before symptoms emerge.

Blood tests for Alzheimer's should be prescribed by a doctor and followed by other methods of diagnosis.



Positron emission tomography (PET) scan results aid doctors in diagnosing and treating memory conditions. There are FDA approved PET scans that measure amyloid and tau.

Magnetic Resonance Imaging (MRI) can help doctors rule out other symptoms that may be causing dementia symptoms, as well as track treatment side effects.

Other emerging biomarkers include:

- examining skin and saliva to indicate early biological changes in the brain
- retinal imaging

which show promise to be low cost, accessible detection methods for Alzheimer's.



Research Roundup

Identifying New Biomarkers

Standardizing Biomarkers

Bringing New Tests to Doctors' Offices

- In addition to amyloid and tau — two key hallmarks in Alzheimer's disease researchers are exploring emerging markers of cell death, inflammation and vascular related changes.
- Alzheimer's Association leads the Global Biomarker Standardization Consortium (GBSC), which conducts studies that aim to standardize use of fluid biomarkers across populations.
- As new biomarkers reach doctor's offices, the Alzheimer's Association publishes recommendations and guidance for doctors for use of imaging, fluid and other diagnostic biomarkers for Alzheimer's disease.

These programs provide a strategy to determine the most valuable tests that can be used to detect, diagnose and inform treatment for individuals with Alzheimer's and other dementia.

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FDA-Approved Therapies for Alzheimer's





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Reducing Risk of Dementia

- Positive, everyday actions can make a difference in brain health, even lowering the risk of cognitive decline and possibly Alzheimer's and dementia.
- Up to **40%** of dementia cases could be prevented or delayed by targeting modifiable risk factors.
- Research suggests **combining multiple healthy factors** may be the most impactful.
- Nonmodifiable risk factors include age, genetics and sex/ gender/ race/ ethnicity.







- WHAT: Two-year clinical trial across the U.S. RESULTS EXPECTED, SUMMER 2025
- **HOW:** Study intervention simultaneously targets multiple risk factors with a goal to protect cognitive function in older adults at increased risk for cognitive decline.

Results from this trial will inform the development of accessible and sustainable community-based programs for dementia prevention.

- WHAT: Global network of lifestyle intervention trials that share experiences, data and joint initiatives to prevent cognitive impairment & dementia worldwide
- **HOW:** World-Wide FINGERS network now includes research teams in 62 countries



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Hypertension is a major risk factor for numerous chronic conditions, including cognitive impairment.

High blood pressure during pregnancy linked to increased risk of vascular dementia¹

New research presented at the Alzheimer's Association International Conference* (AAIC*) 2022

1. Karen Schliep, Ph.D., MSPH, et al. What subtypes are driving the association between hypertensive disorders of pregnancy and dementia? Findings from an 80-year retrospective cohort study (Funders: National Institute on Aging, National Center for Research Resources, National Cancer Institute).

2. Gestational hypertension - high blood pressure in pregnancy -

Study of nearly 50.000women who experienced pregnancy found gestational hypertension² is associated with 2.75x

higher risk of

vascular dementia

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EXERT Study Findings: Physical Activity May Stall Cognitive Decline

EXERT Study is the **longest-ever Phase 3 study of exercise** in older adults with Mild Cognitive Impairment (MCI)

The study was conducted during the COVID-19 pandemic and 80% of study participants complied with their exercise regimen

After 12 months, study participants with MCI in **both aerobic** intervention and stretching arm showed no cognitive decline

Key Takeaway: Regular aerobic exercise or stretching and balance may still stall cognitive decline in sedentary adults with MCI

Alzheimer's Research Funding is at an All-Time High



Alzheimer's and Related Dementia Funding at the National Institutes of Health (NIH)

Source: NIH (https://report.nih.gov/funding/categorical-spending) with the 2024 figure reflecting NIHs estimated 2023 funding plus the additional increase of \$100M appropriated through the FY2024 funding bill.





Get Involved in Research

- TrialMatch is a free clinical studies matching service designed to provide a customized list of potential study matches to each user.
- Healthy and cognitively impaired people from all backgrounds are needed to participate in Alzheimer's and dementia research.



trialmatch



Advancing Health Equity

Racial and ethnic populations are underrepresented in clinical trials.





Legislation like the bipartisan **Equity in Neuroscience and Alzheimer's Clinical Trials (ENACT) Act** will increase education and outreach to underserved and underrepresented communities, encourage diversity of clinical trial staff, and make it easier for underrepresented groups to participate in research.

The Alzheimer's Association is **committed to diversity, equity and inclusion** in Alzheimer's research by supporting researchers from diverse backgrounds.

- Alzheimer's Association Core Grant Programs to Promote Diversity
- ISTAART Diversity and Disparities PIA
- AAIC Advancements: Health Equity





Association's Website | alz.org



Research at the Association | alz.org/research





Contact the 24/7 helpline | 800-272-3900



