

TREATMENT OF PERIPHERAL ARTERY DISEASE

An overview



MERCYONE

Iowa
Heart
Center



Disclosures

- ▣ None



Where to start?

- ▣ Always start with a thorough H&P
 - Chief complaint
 - ▣ Pain with walking (claudication)
 - ▣ Pain at rest vs non-healing wound
 - ▣ Acute vs acute on chronic vs chronic
 - Past medical
 - ▣ DM, HTN, HLD, CKD/ESRD, CAD, obesity, venous insufficiency
 - Family history
 - ▣ Aneurysms, hypercoagulable disorders, vasculitis
 - Past surgical
 - ▣ Prior vascular interventions
 - ▣ Cardiac
 - Medications

Where to start?

- ▣ Always start with a thorough H&P
 - Physical Exam
 - ▣ Pulse exam
 - Femoral, popliteal, dorsalis pedis, posterior tibial
 - Rule out pop aneurysm
 - Palpable vs not palpable?
 - ▣ Abdominal exam
 - Rule out AAA



Work up

- ▣ Imaging Studies
 - Ankle brachial index (ABI)
 - ▣ ABI/segs
 - ▣ Exercise ABI
 - Arterial duplex
 - CT angiogram
 - Angiogram
 - Other
 - ▣ MRI, PET scan



Diagnosis

- ▣ Peripheral artery disease
 - Claudication
- ▣ Chronic limb threatening ischemia*
 - Ischemic rest pain
 - Minor vs major tissue loss
- ▣ Refer to vascular specialist

Treatment

- ▣ Medical
 - Antiplatelet and statin therapy
 - Optimize co-morbidities
 - ▣ Hgb A1C <7%
 - ▣ BP goal
 - SBP < 140, DBP < 90
 - ▣ Lipid goal < 70
 - Exercise (150 minutes/week)
 - Diet (plant-based)
 - Weight loss (BMI < 30)
 - Smoking cessation*

Treatment

- ▣ Surgical
 - Open
 - Endovascular (endo)



Evidence Based Revascularization

- ▣ A tale of two modalities/trials
 - Open vs Endo
 - Trials
 - ▣ BEST-CLI
 - Demonstrated superiority of single segment greater saphenous vein (GSV) bypass over endovascular therapy for CLI
 - ▣ BASIL-2
 - Demonstrated a vein bypass first revascularization strategy was associated with an increased risk of major amputation or death from any cause compared with a best endovascular treatment first revascularization strategy

Endovascular Therapy

- ▣ Angiogram
 - Diagnostic & therapeutic
- ▣ Treatment
 - Plain balloon angioplasty
 - Drug-coated balloon angioplasty
 - Atherectomy
 - ▣ Directional
 - ▣ Orbital
 - Shockwave
 - ▣ Calcified lesions



Open Surgery

- ▣ CT angiogram
 - Diagnostic only
- ▣ Treatment
 - Open bypass
 - ▣ Autogenous vein
 - GSV
 - Composite arm vein
 - ▣ Cadaver
 - ▣ Prosthetic
 - Dacron
 - Polytetrafluoroethylene (PTFE)



Vascular Research



Preliminary Experience with the use of Endoscopic Vein Harvest of the Greater Saphenous Vein for Infrainguinal Arterial Reconstruction

Monica A. Silva DO, Bryan R. Foster PA-C, Laurie M. Kuestner MD, James L. Ebaugh MD, Harold W. Hsu MD, Zane Young MD
Jose R. Borromeo MD, Alik Farber MD, David K. Chew MBBS



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- ▣ Introduction
 - Open is BEST?
 - Endoscopic vein harvest (EVH) remains controversial
- ▣ Objective
 - Feasibility of EVH for greater saphenous vein (GSV) based infrainguinal arterial reconstruction

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▣ Methods

- Prospective
- Single institution
- Total patients n=36
- Consecutive bypass patients (June 2022 – Aug 2023)
- Data collected
 - ▣ Demographics, indication for procedure, operative time, length of stay, wound complications, post op narcotic use, graft patency
- Follow up arterial duplex and ankle brachial indices (ABI) at 1 month and 3 month intervals post op

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▣ Results

Indication	n	%
Tissue loss	15	41.6
Ischemic rest pain	12	33.3
Disabling claudication	3	8.3
Popliteal aneurysm	6	16.6

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Results

Artery	Inflow artery	Outflow artery
Common femoral	22 (61.1%)	0
Superficial femoral	13 (36.2%)	0
Above-knee popliteal	0	7 (19.4%)
Below-knee popliteal	1 (2.7%)	10 (27.7%)
Tibial vessels	0	18 (50%)

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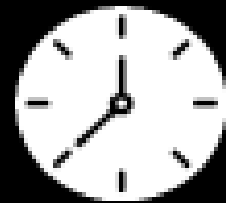
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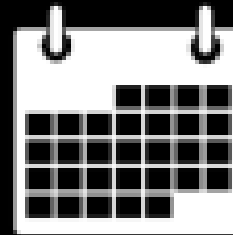


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▣ Results



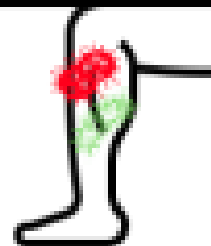
Median OR time:
7hr 10min
IQR 6hr40m – 8hr30m



Median LOS:
3 days
IQR 2 days – 6 days



Median Narcotic usage:
35 MME
IQR 5 MME – 100 MME
Morphine Milligram Equivalents (MME)



0 EVH associated wound complications

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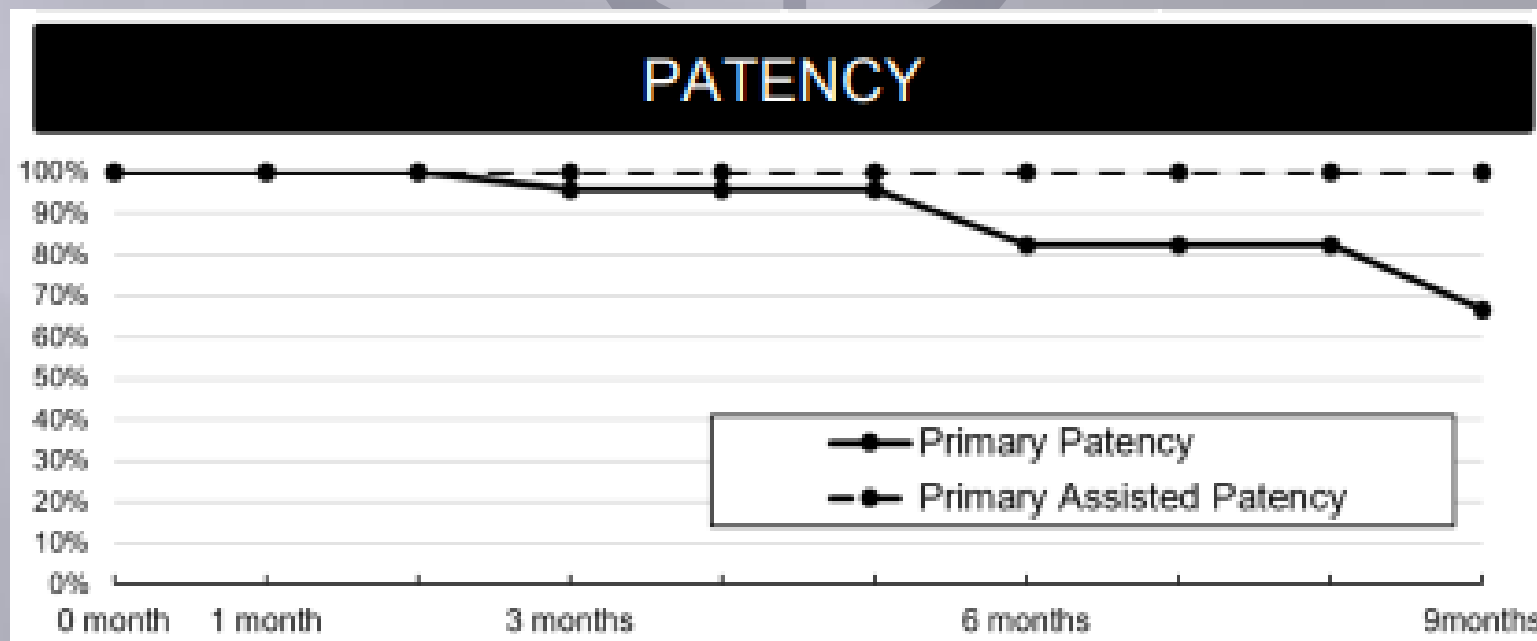
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Results



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Discussion

- EVH is safe, technically feasible and offers multiple benefits
- Zero EVH wound complications
- No vein injuries
- Less post op pain is an interesting finding
- Further evaluation of long-term durability is ongoing

Resources

- ▣ Clinical practice guidelines
 - Global vascular guidelines on the management of chronic limb-threatening ischemia
 - ▣ DOI: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jvs.2019.02.016>
 - The intersocietal IWGDF, ESVS, SVS guidelines on peripheral artery disease in people with diabetes mellitus and a foot ulcer
 - ▣ DOI: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jvs.2023.07.020>

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Thank You

